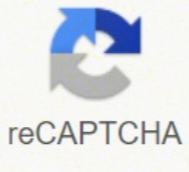




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## 2 Inflectional vs. Derivational morphemes

Inflectional morphemes	Derivational morphemes
modify the meaning of an item but not change its parts of speech.	can change meaning of the stem and typically, they change the part of speech.

**A morpheme is a word or part of a word that has meaning. It cannot be divided into smaller meaningful parts without violation of its meaning or without meaningless remainders. It recurs in differing verbal environments with a relatively stable meaning.**

I After each word write a number showing how many morphemes it contains.

- |                  |                    |
|------------------|--------------------|
| 1 play _____     | 11 keeper _____    |
| 2 replay _____   | 12 able _____      |
| 3 date _____     | 13 unable _____    |
| 4 antedate _____ | 14 miniskirt _____ |
| 5 hygiene _____  | 15 ran _____       |
| 6 weak _____     | 16 rainy _____     |
| 7 weaken _____   | 17 cheap _____     |
| 8 man _____      | 18 cheaply _____   |
| 9 manly _____    | 19 cheaper _____   |
| 10 keep _____    | 20 cover _____     |

II Write the meaning of the italicized morphemes

- antedate* \_\_\_\_\_ before or in front of
- replay* \_\_\_\_\_ used to add the meaning 'do again', especially to verbs
- manly* \_\_\_\_\_
- unable* \_\_\_\_\_ used to add the meaning 'not', 'lacking' or 'the opposite'
- keeper* \_\_\_\_\_ performer
- rainy* \_\_\_\_\_ added to nouns to form adjectives meaning like the stated thing
- cheapest* \_\_\_\_\_ superlative
- inactive* \_\_\_\_\_ used to add the meaning 'not', 'lacking', or 'the opposite'
- impossible* \_\_\_\_\_ used to add the meaning 'not', 'lacking', or 'the opposite'
- malfunction* (noun) \_\_\_\_\_ badly or wrongly

**A free morpheme is one that can be uttered alone with meaning. A bound morpheme cannot be uttered alone with meaning.**

III Underline the bound morphemes. It is possible for a word to consist entirely of bound morphemes

- |              |                |             |
|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| 1. preview   | 6. speaker     | 11. biomass |
| 2. played    | 7. kingdom     | 12. remake  |
| 3. activity  | 8. petrodollar | 13. remake  |
| 4. supervise | 9. idolize     | 14. dreamed |
| 5. intervene | 10. selective  | 15. undo    |

**A base morpheme is the part of a word that has the principal meaning. Most of them are free morphemes; but some are bound, like *-sent in consent, dissent, and assent*. A word may contain one base and several affixes.**

IV Underline the bases in these words:

- |            |                 |              |               |
|------------|-----------------|--------------|---------------|
| 1. denial  | 6. unmistakable | 11. infamous | 16. Bostonian |
| 2. lovable | 7. womanly      | 12. lighten  | 17. unlikely  |

## ENGLISH LANGUAGE'S VERB INFLECTIONAL SUFFIXES

- The suffix **-s** functions in the Present Simple as the third person marking of the verb : to work – he work-s
- The suffix **-ed** functions in the past simple as the past tense marker in regular verbs: to love – lov-ed
- The suffixes **-ed** (regular verbs) and **-en** (for some regular verbs) function in the marking of the past participle and, in general, in the marking of the perfect aspect:  
To study studied / To eat ate eaten
- The suffix **-ing** functions in the marking of the present participle, the gerund and in the marking of the continuous aspect: To eat – eating / To study - studying

Exercise 2, p.94, Rowe & Levine

Place a plus (+) sign between each morpheme
Label each as derivational (D) or inflectional (I).
1. Unfriendly    i. UN (D) + FRIEND + LY (D)
2. Longer        i. LONG + ER (I)
3. Lovable      i. LOVE + ABLE (D)
4. Judgment    i. JUDGE + MENT (D)
5. Bonus        i. BONUS
6. Slowly      i. SLOW + LY (D)
7. Quicker     i. QUICK + ER (I)

### Practice Exercises in Morphology

#### Free and Bound Morphemes

List the morphemes in each word below, and state whether each morpheme is free (F) or bound (B).

- |               |               |
|---------------|---------------|
| 1. creating   | 6. unhealthy  |
| 2. seaward    | 7. waiter     |
| 3. wastage    | 8. reconsider |
| 4. incomplete | 9. keys       |
| 5. residence  | 10. astronaut |

#### Derivational and Inflectional Affixes

For each word below, indicate whether the word is morphologically simple (S), includes an inflectional affix (I), or includes a derivational affix (D).

- |            |              |
|------------|--------------|
| 1. rider   | 6. reader    |
| 2. soldier | 7. reader    |
| 3. silver  | 8. radish    |
| 4. lens    | 9. redness   |
| 5. legs    | 10. rotation |

#### Word Trees

For each word below, draw a word tree. Then state whether it has inflectional affixes, derivational affixes, or both.

- |                 |                     |
|-----------------|---------------------|
| 1. shipper      | 6. simply           |
| 2. shipper      | 7. reader           |
| 3. resettled    | 8. digitizes        |
| 4. anticlimaxes | 9. activated        |
| 5. unemployment | 10. confrontational |

big big 10. teacher prof Clipping 3. Adverbs ii. I will watch you. unhealthy create (F) a (B) ing (B) health (F) and (B) 2. niwapahten 'see' niwapahtenan 'we see' kimachishen 'short' kimachishenawaw 'you (pl.) short' nitapinan 'we sit' nitapin 'I feel' kiwapahten 'ves' kiwapahtenawaw 't'ao (pl.) ves' nimachishenan 'cortamos' nimachishen 'yo cortã©' kitapinawaw 't'ao (t'ao) L) sit' kitapin 'You sit' Pronouns Verbs I: ni ver: wapahten You: corte ki: machishen Nouns: ni -an sit: tapin You (pl.): ki-awaw II. silver S 8. anatusaidia iii. keys 5. drink drink 5. malbone mal 4. It has hit me. pure pure 3. colder I 7. silver 8. V V N DAff IAff digit size s 9. There are approximately 100,000 native speakers, which can be found from the Rocky Mountains in Alberta to James Bay in northern Quebec. activity 5. anapenda 'liked' alimona 'seen' attapenda 'he will like' alimsaidia 'helped' alipenda 'liked' alimpiga 'have' liked' alimchukua 'he took' alinipenda 'he killed' alikupenda 'he liked' anitazama 'looks at me' alimpenda 'he liked' atakusikia 'he will listen to you' alitupenda 'we liked' alitupanya 'he cured' us' ali wapenda 'I liked' ninakupenda 'I like you' nitampenda 'I will like' Pronouns Tenses Verbs he: [present]; see: me: [future]; help: you: [past]; hit: him: [previous]; take: us: kill: them: look I: hear: cure: as: Translate the following sentences from English into Swahili: i. Verbs v. create 6. radon 4. reader 2. niwapahten 'ves' niwapahtenan 'yemos' kimachishen 'cortas' kimachishenawaw 't'ao (pl.) ves' nimachishenan 'cortamos' nimachishen 'I cut' kitapinawaw 't'ao (pl.) sit' kitapinawaw 't'ao (pl.) sit' Pronouns Verbs I: see: You: cut: We: sit: 'he will like' alimsaidia 'he helped' alipenda 'he liked' alimpiga 'he liked' ampenda 'he liked' alimchukua 'he took' alinipenda 'he liked' alimua 'he killed' alikupenda 'he liked' anitazama 'looks at me' alimpenda 'he liked' atakusikia 'he will listen to you' alitupenda 'we like' alitupaciã3n anye 'we cured' aliwapenda 'they liked' ninakupenda 'I like you' nitampenda 'I like nitawapenda 'I will like' Pronouns Tenses Verbs he: to [present]; na see: omne: ni [future]; ta help: saidia tu: ku [past]; li hit: pigã©: m [previous part.]; yo ligo: chukua us: tu mata: ua ellos: wa look: tazama I: ni oigo: cura sikia: panya como: penda Translate the following sentences from English into Swahili: i. good better 10. female teacher instruction Practical Exercises in Morphology III Linguistics 201 I. Adj N V DAff DAff confrontation 3n to the Practice Exercises in Morphology II Linguistic 201 Derivational and Inflectional Affixes For each word below, indicate whether the word is morphologically simple (S), includes an inflectional affix (I), or includes a derivational affix (D). It was designed to be easy to learn and is based largely on the languages of Western Europe. waste 8. 8. evil iii. anticlimaxes 9. reader D 2. Practice Exercises in Morphological Language 201 Free and Linked Morphemes List the morphemes in each word below, and determine whether each morpheme is free (F) or bound (B). wind + windshield windshield 8. purity ii. Examine the following Esperanto data and then answer the questions 1. Reconsider 4. Insurance 2. Facile Fatly 5. Poet Keys (F) (B) (B) (B) 5. Female in III. More cold 7. Now it is spoken mainly in France, although it can also be found in East Asia, South America and Eastern Europe. Sandwich (named after John Montagu, the 4th Count of Sandwich) 6. Female III. Father parent 18. A process for processing practical exercises in morphology III Linguística 201 I. 1. Diffille malfact 13. Pure purity II. Bad Malbona III. Modern incomplete (F) in (b) IZE (B) complete (f) ion (B) word trees for each word below, draw a word tree. Facilo facility 9. A Trees of words of incomplete for each word below, draw a tree tree. Modernize 10. Drinking drank an internal change 5. Substantivos IV. Substantives or IV. Seaward 7. Adjectives VI. Bone good 8. Portist Porter 19. Rider D 6. Morphology Practice Female Exercises in Morfolgia II Linguistics 201 AFXES Derivatives and Inflections For each word below, indicate whether the word is morphologically simple (S), includes an inflexive affix (I), or includes a derivational affix (D). Reset 8. Digitalize 4. ADV. 7. RENDO 6. ROTATION D Esperanto Esperanto is an artificial language that was invented by Ludwig Zamenhof in 1887. GUI ACRONIMO 3 User Interface 2. I. Adverbs and II. Swahili Swahili is a Bantu language that is spoken mainly in East Africa. Simply 2. The opposite female goalkeeper (no) bad B. portistino 2. Translate the following words and phrases in English in Esperanto. Shipper 6. 6.

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